



stats sa

Department:
Statistics South Africa
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Governance, Public Safety and Justice Survey (GPSJS)

Governance, Public Safety and Justice Release

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ABOUT THE GPSJS AND ITS OBJECTIVES




-  Conducted by Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) in 1998. The Institute for Security Studies (ISS) conducted the 2003 and 2007 versions of the VOCS.
-  Stats SA resumed the survey from 2011 – 2017/18, based on a total sample size of approximately 30 000 households across 9 provinces of SA.
-  In 2017 VOCS was redesigned to make room for new information demands on governance. The redesigned survey is called **Governance, Public Safety and Justice Survey (GPSJS)**. GPSJS retains most of the VOCS content. The first GPSJS was conducted in 2018/19.
-  The GPSJS 2021/22 provides data on themes such as the Constitution, Human Rights, experience of Discrimination, and experience of Disputes/problems

COVID-19 Impact on Data Collection

- ❖ Mode of data collection **changed from face-to-face CAPI** (Computer Assisted Personal Interviews) **to CATI** (Computer Assisted Telephonic Interviews) to facilitate data collection during successive phases of COVID.
- ❖ Telephonic interviews were continued in the period of 2021/22. A slight respite allowed Stats SA to conduct short visits to households without telephone numbers to gather usable contact details.
- ❖ GPSJS 2021/22 calibrated to **End-September Population Estimates for 2021** based on 2018 Mid-Year Series
 - ❖ Stats SA is guided by **international best practice** in the production of its official statistics.
 - ❖ In order to provide the public with quality statistics, the GPSJS data is subjected to **numerous quality checks** at different stages of the production process.



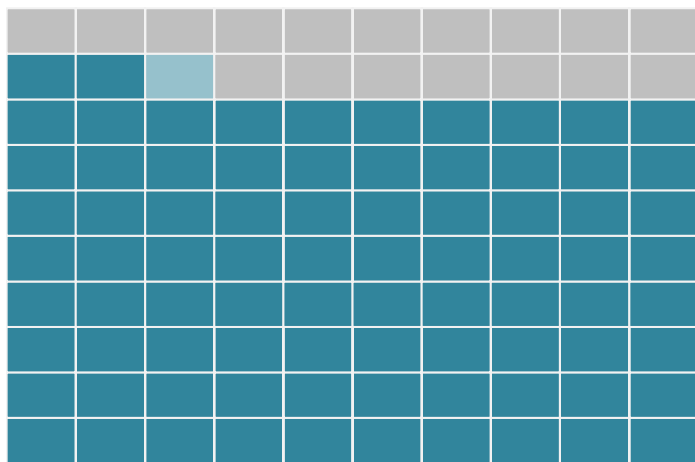


Awareness and perception of the Constitution and Democracy



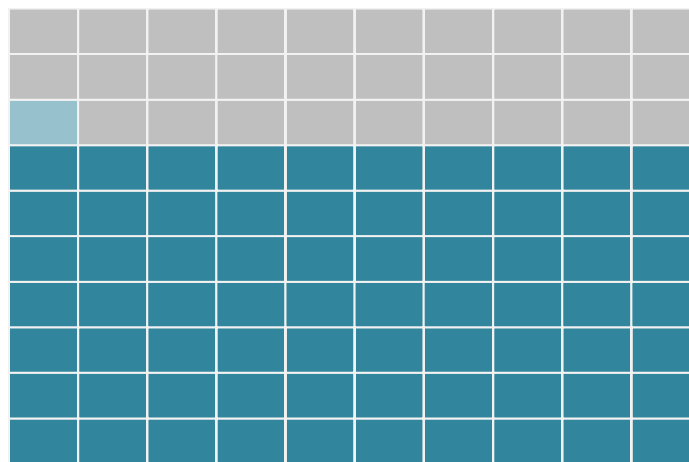
About 82,6% of those aged 16 years and older **have heard about the Constitution**

Percentage distribution of the population who have heard about the Constitution/ rights/ protections in 2021/22



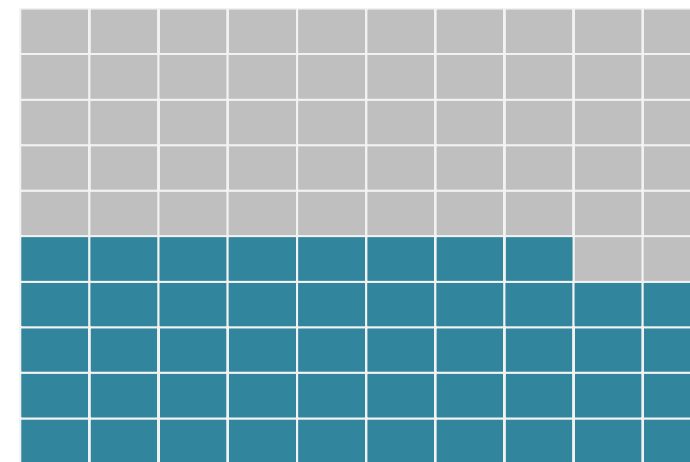
82,6%

Heard about the Constitution



70,7%

Thinks it protects their rights

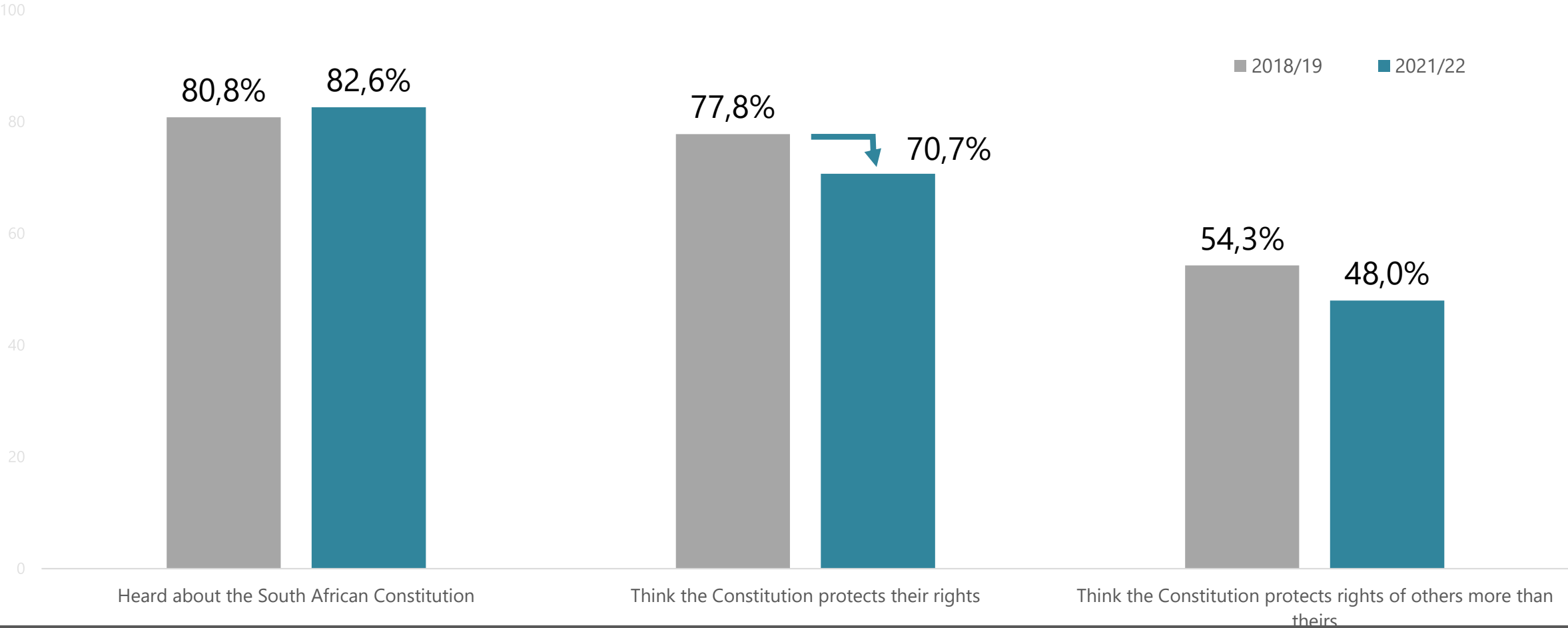


48,0%

Thinks it protects others rights more than theirs

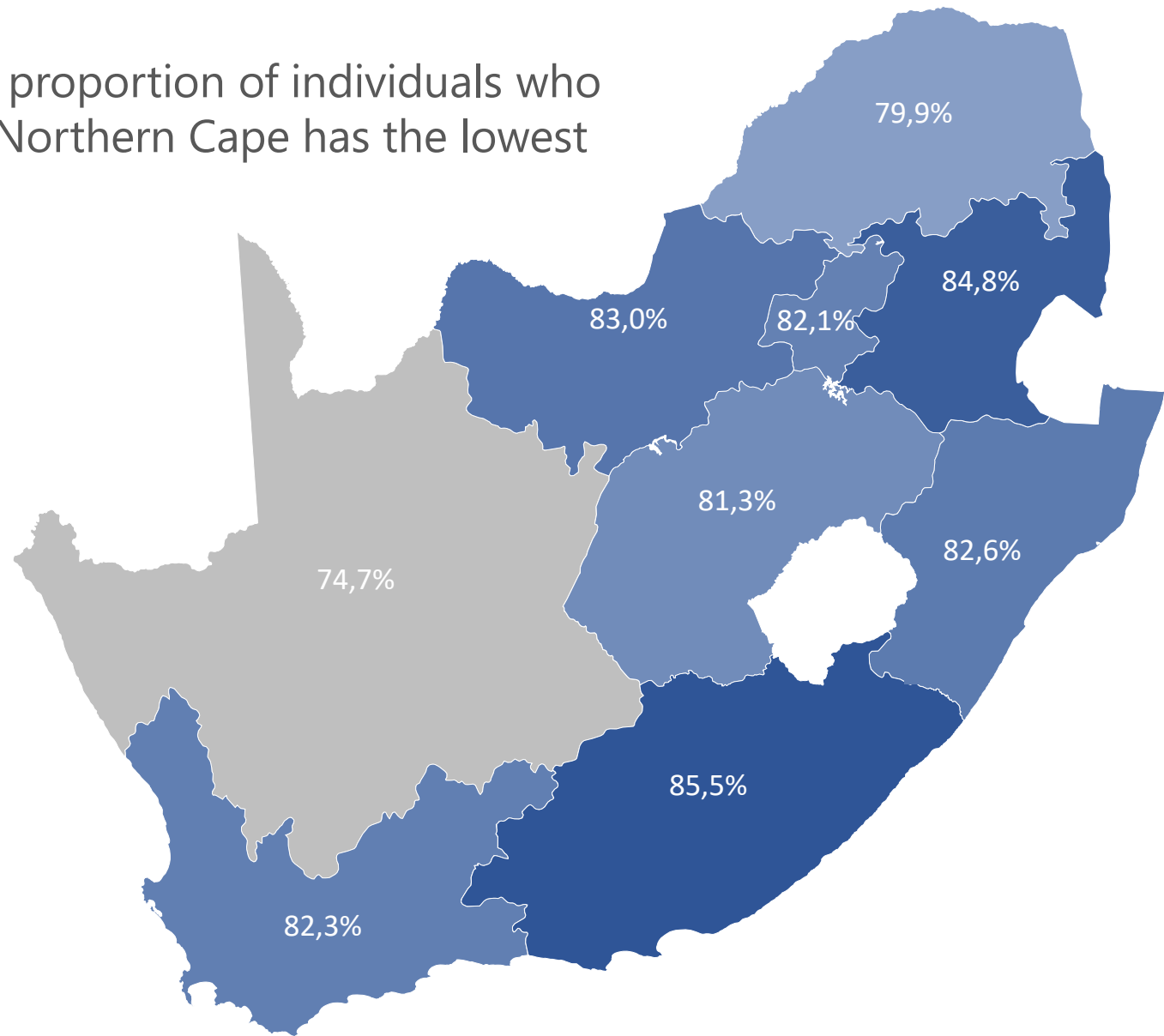
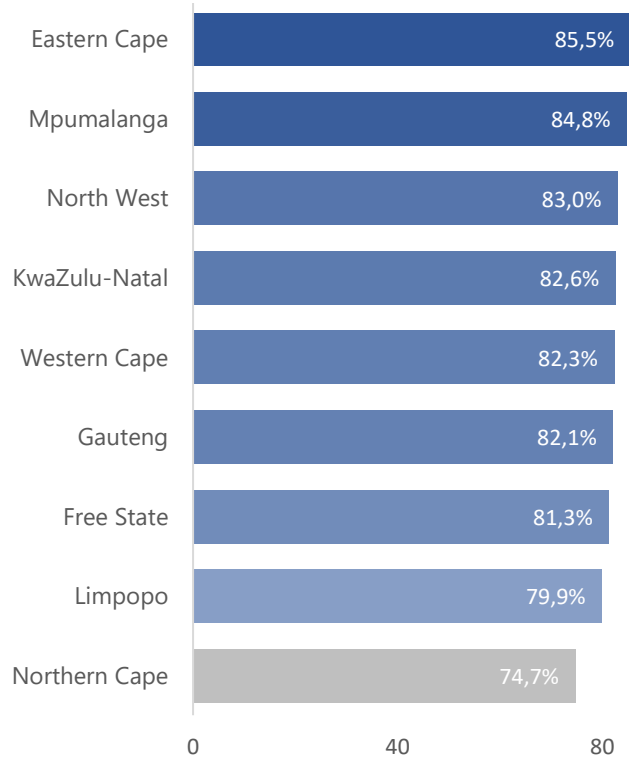
Between 2018/19 and 2021/22 there was a 7,1 percentage point decrease in those who think the Constitution protects their rights

Percentage distribution of the population who have heard about the Constitution/ rights/ protections between 2018/19 and 2021/22



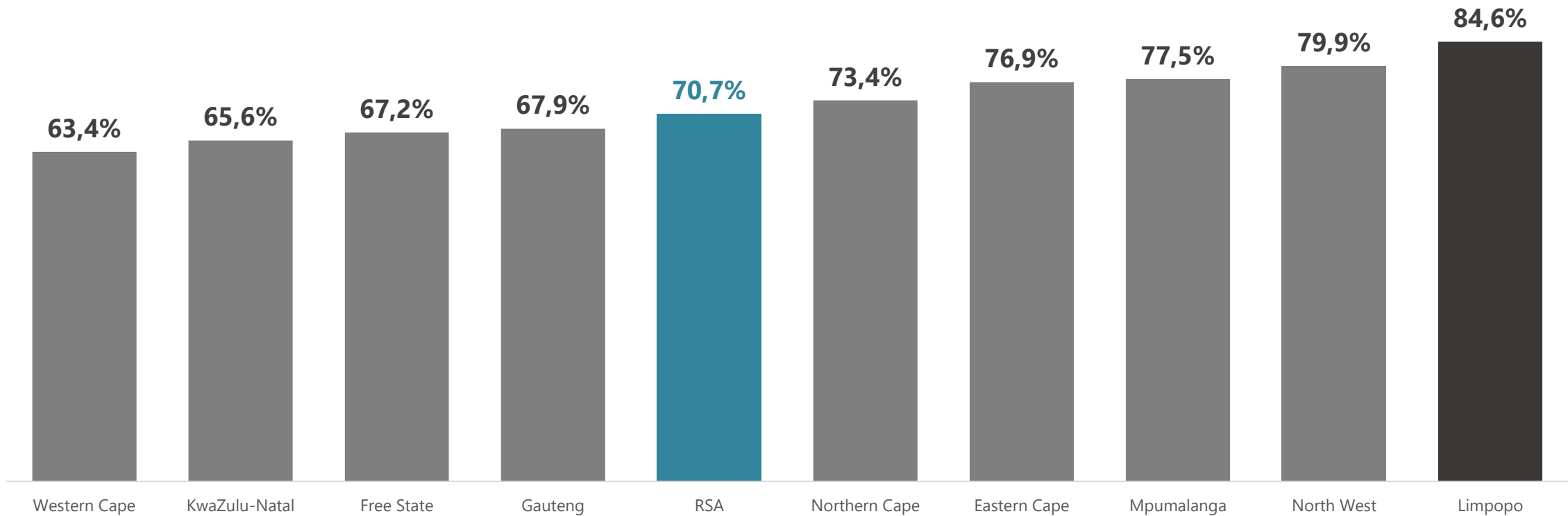
Eastern Cape province has the highest proportion of individuals who have heard about the Constitution and Northern Cape has the lowest

Percentage distribution of the population who have heard about the Constitution in 2021/22



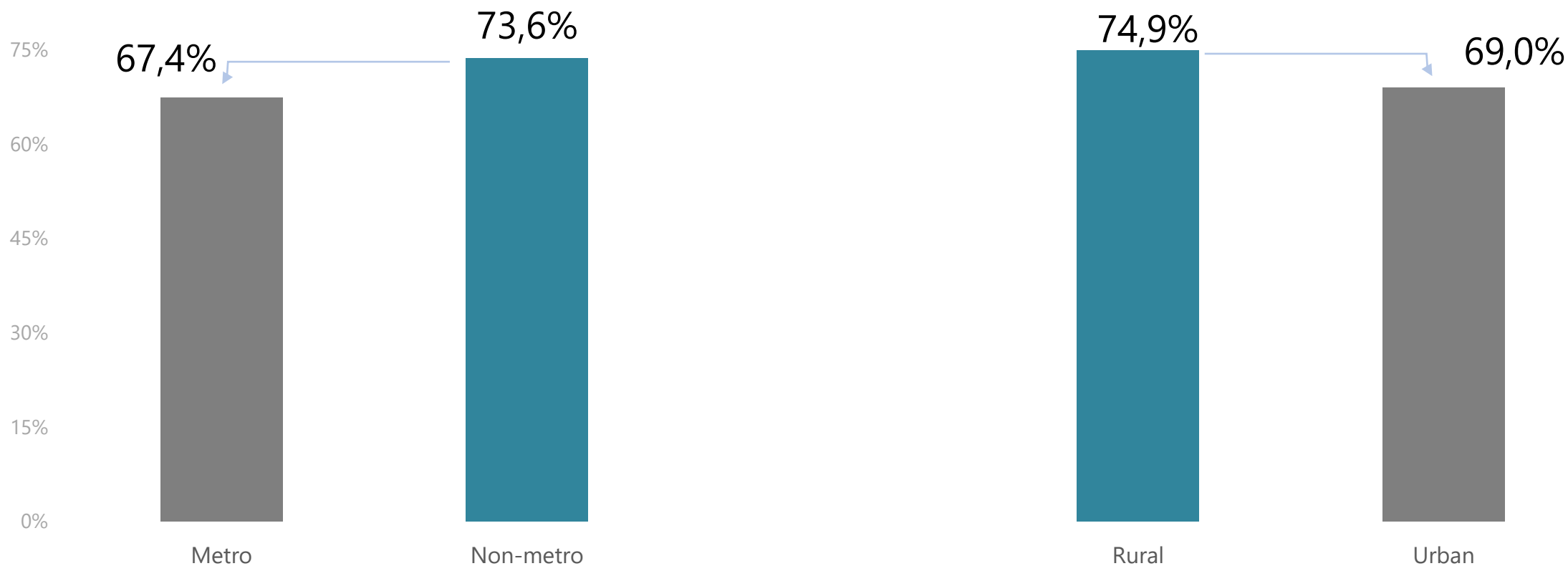
Limpopo province has the highest proportion (**84,6%**) of those who think the Constitution protects their rights

Percentage of individuals who think the Constitution protect their rights by province, 2021/22



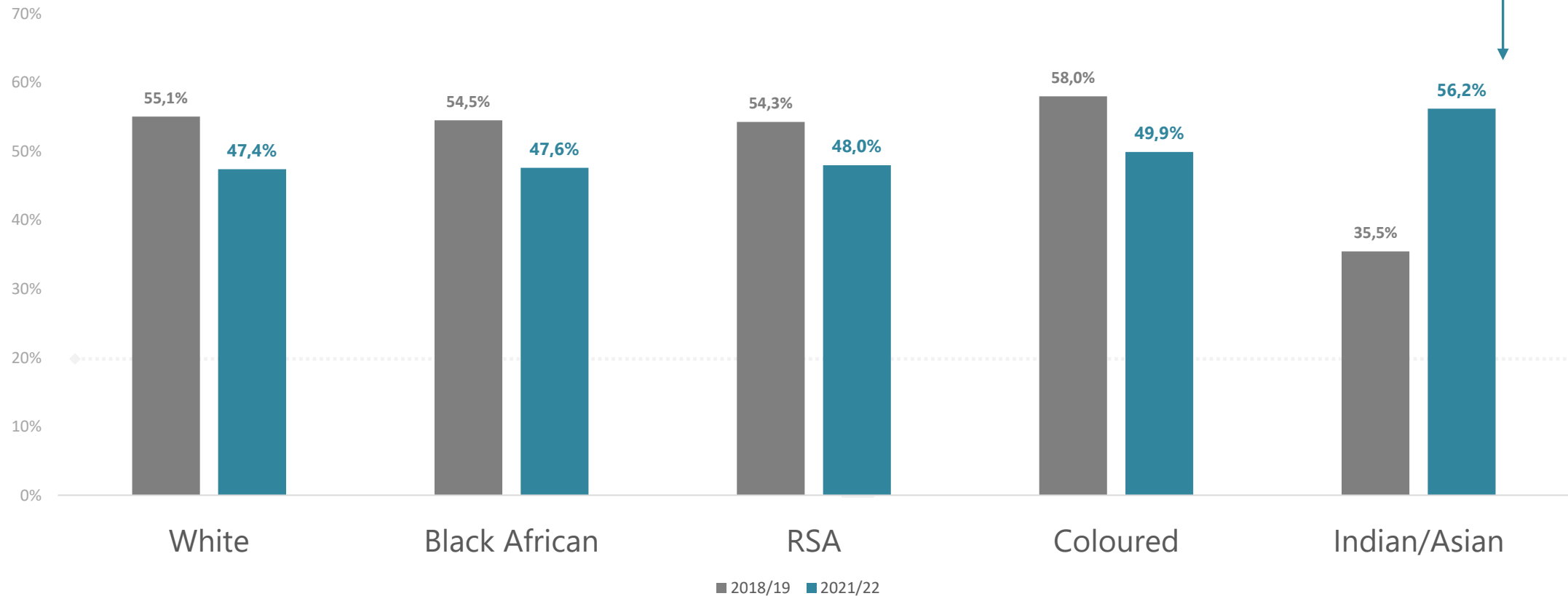
The highest proportions of individuals who think the Constitution protect their rights are those who resides in **Non-Metros (73,6%)** and in **Rural (74,9%)** areas

Percentage of individual who think the Constitution protect their rights by location, 2021/22



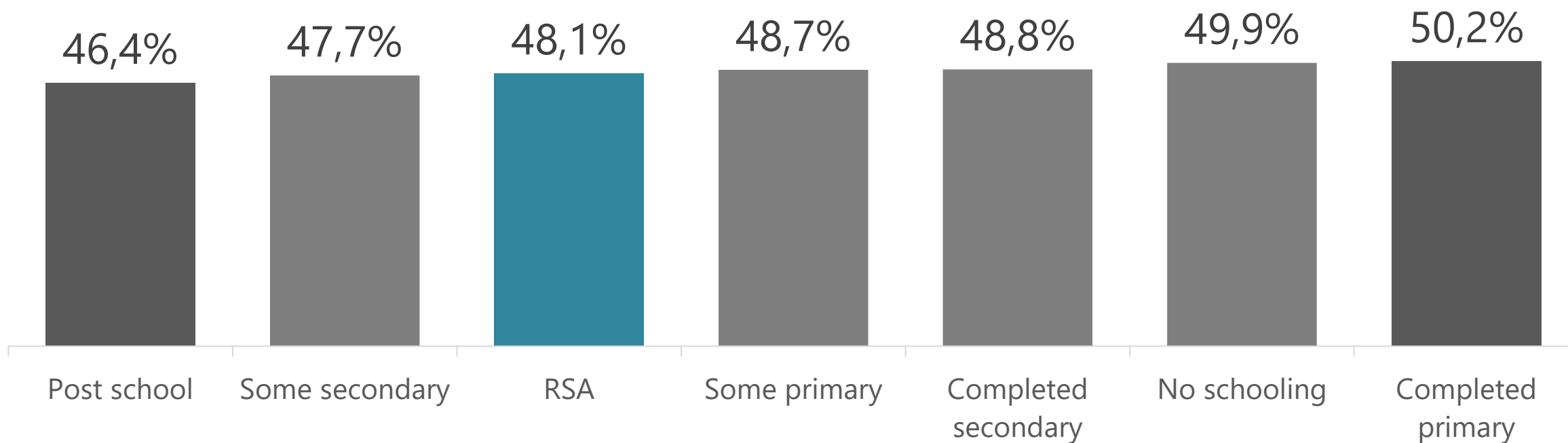
In 2021/22, the Indian/Asian population group has the highest proportion of those who think the Constitution protects the **rights of others more than their own rights**

Percentage of individuals who think the Constitution protect the rights of others more than their own rights by Population group, 2018/19 and 2021/22



The lowest proportions of individuals who think the Constitution protects the rights of others more than their own are those with **Post School** highest level of education.

Percentage of individual who think the Constitution protect the rights of others other more than their own by highest level of education, 2021/22



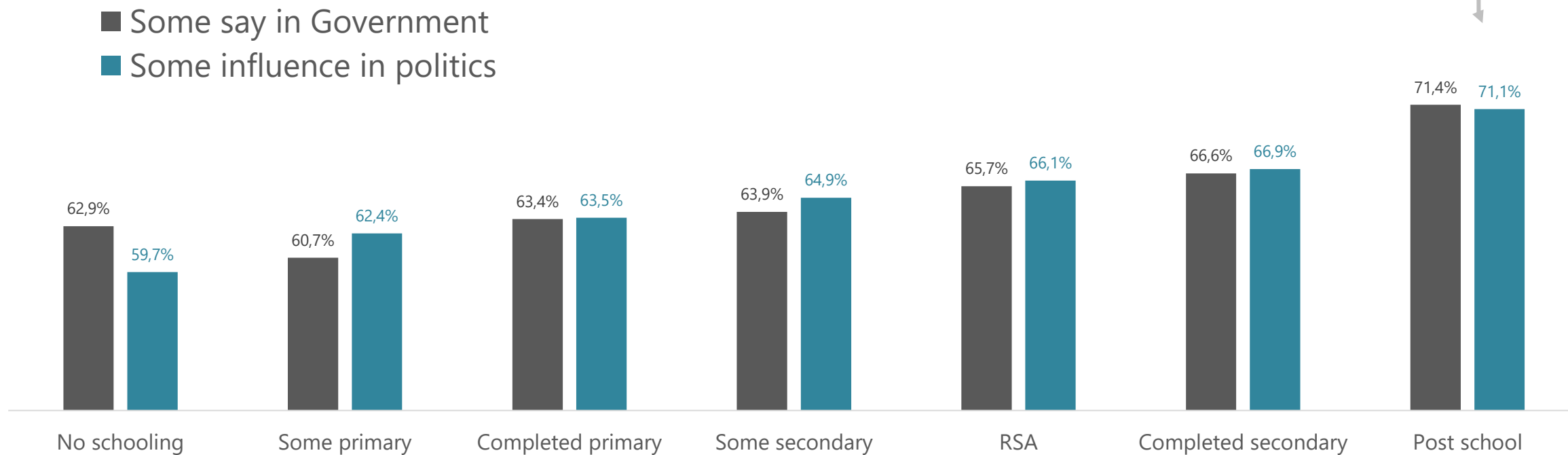
Western Cape province has the lowest proportion (**41,4%**) of those who think the Constitution protects the rights of others more than their own.

Percentage of individuals who think the Constitution protect the rights of others more than their own rights by province, 2021/22



Individuals with **Post School level** of education think that democracy allows them to have a say in what government does and also have an influence in politics

Percentage of individuals who think the Democracy allows them to have a say in government compared to those who think it allows them to have an influence in politics by highest level of school, 2021/22





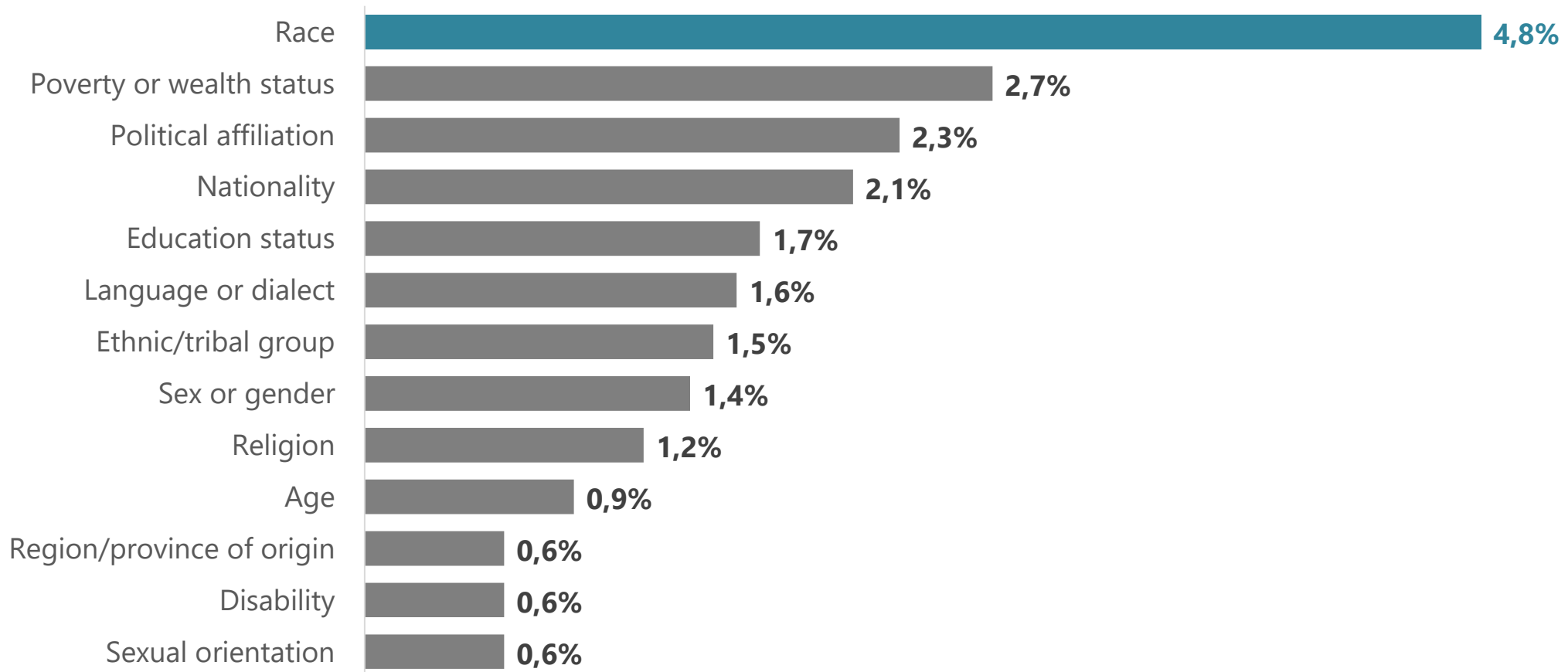
Experience of Discrimination

A close-up photograph of a vintage typewriter. A sheet of white paper is inserted into the carriage, and the words "RACIAL EQUALITY" are printed in a bold, sans-serif font. The typewriter is dark green or black, and the paper is held in place by a metal carriage. The background is dark, making the white paper and the green typewriter stand out.

RACIAL EQUALITY

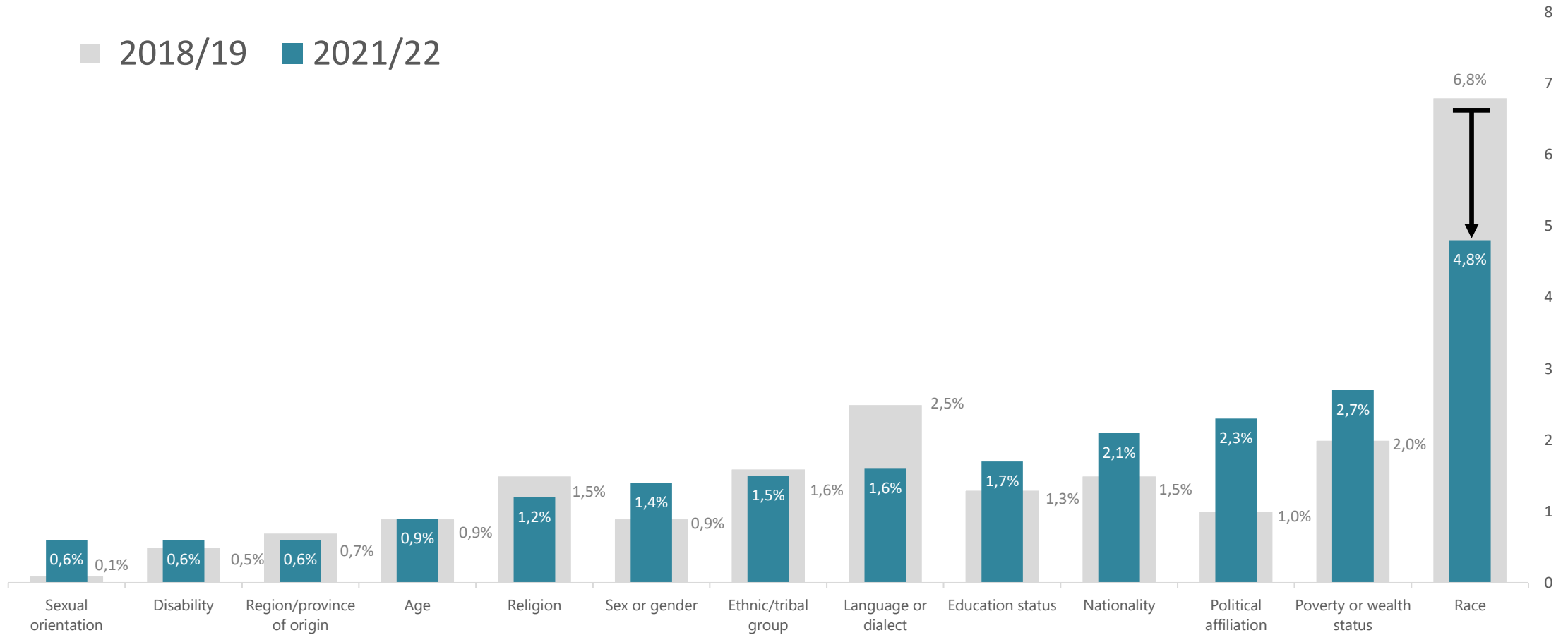
The experience of **race-based discrimination (4,8%)** is close to double that of poverty or wealth status discrimination

Percentage of individuals that experienced specified types of discrimination in the past 12 months, 2021/22



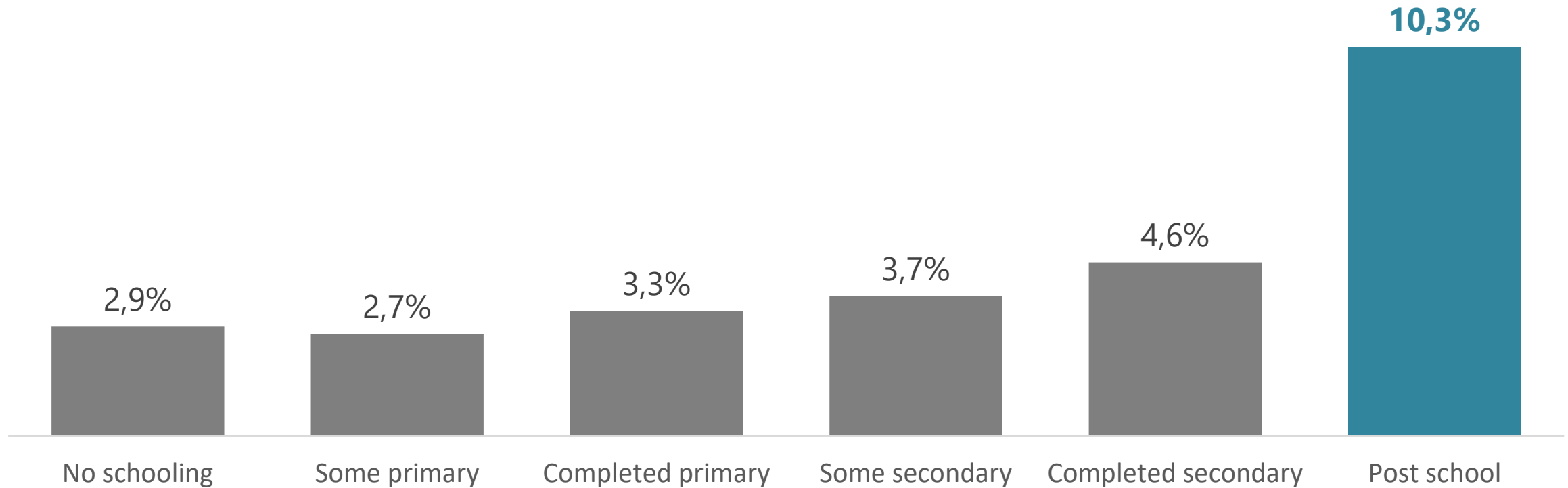
The **experience of race-based discrimination decreased by 2 percentage points** in 2021/22 period. *Poverty or wealth-based discrimination increased over the 2018/19 to 2021/22 period.*

Percentage of individuals that experienced specified types of discrimination in the past 12 months, 2018/19 and 2021/22



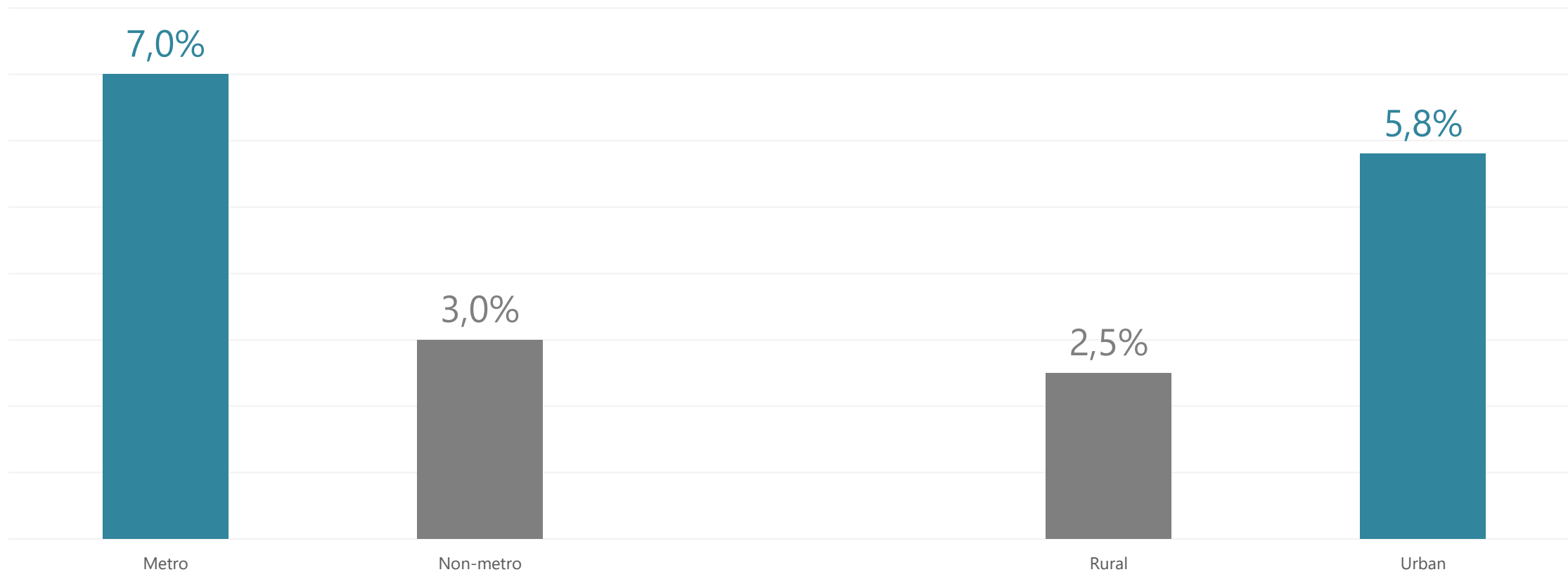
Individuals with **Post School** level of education have experienced the highest proportion (**10,3%**) of discrimination based on race.

Percentage of individuals that experienced race based discrimination by highest level of education in the past 12 months, 2021/22



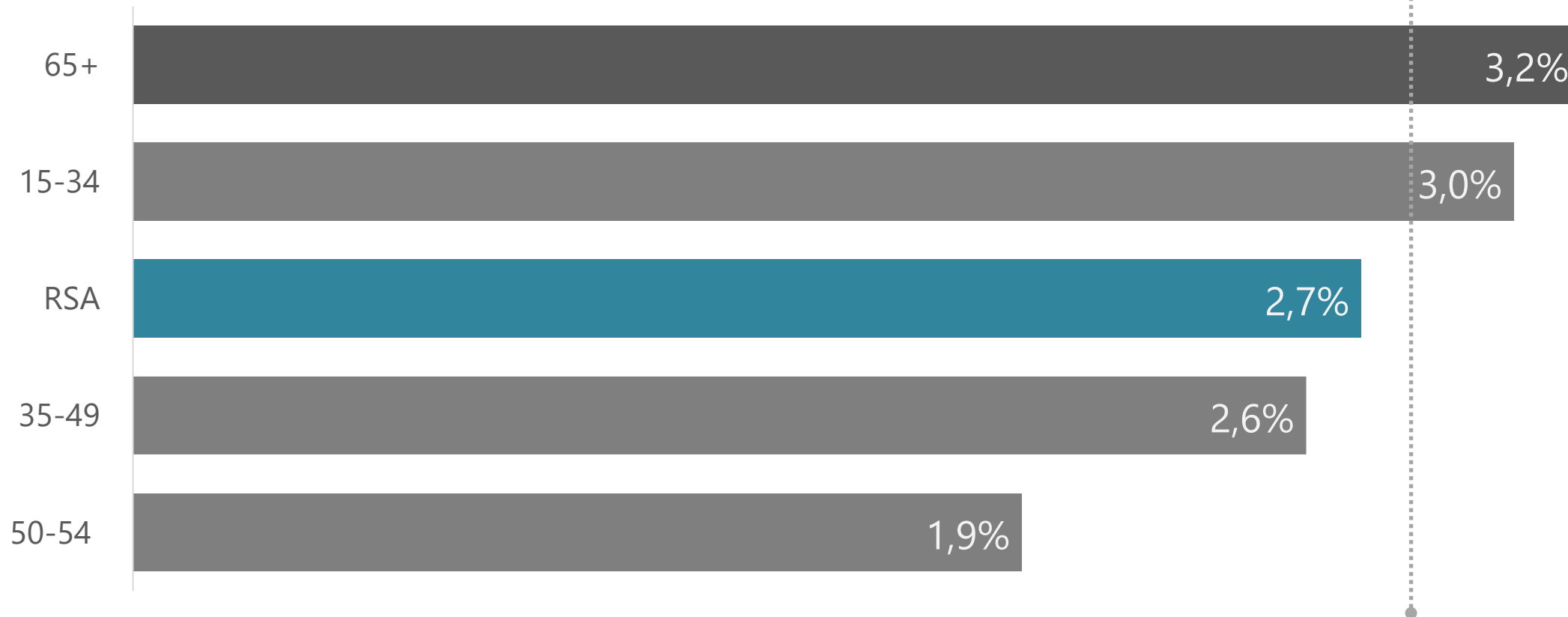
The highest proportion of individuals that experienced discrimination based on race resides in Metros (7%) and in Urban (5,8%) areas

Percentage of individuals that experienced race based discrimination by location in the past 12 months, 2021/22



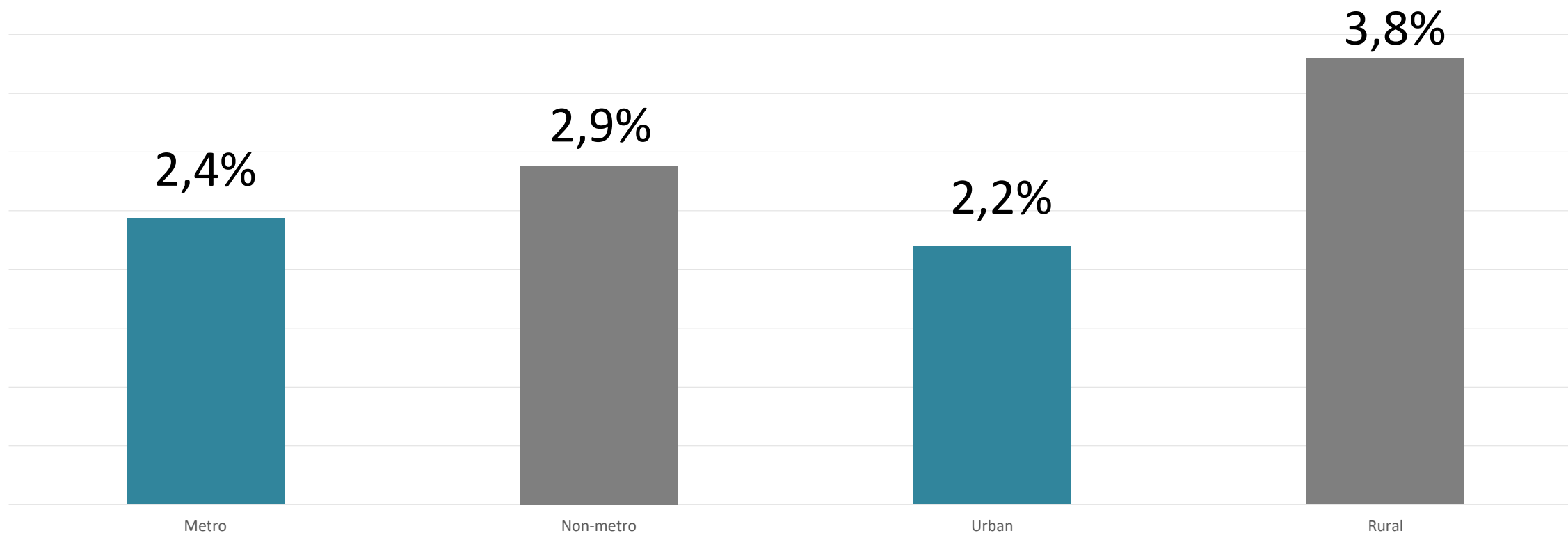
Those 65 years and older have the highest proportion of individuals that experienced discrimination based on Poverty or Wealth status

Percentage of individuals that experienced discrimination based on Poverty or wealth status by Age Group in the past 12 months, 2021/22



The highest proportion of individuals that experienced discrimination based on Poverty or wealth status resides in **Non-metros (2,9%)** and in **Rural (3,8%)** areas

Percentage of individuals that experienced discrimination based on Poverty or wealth status by location in the past 12 months, 2021/22

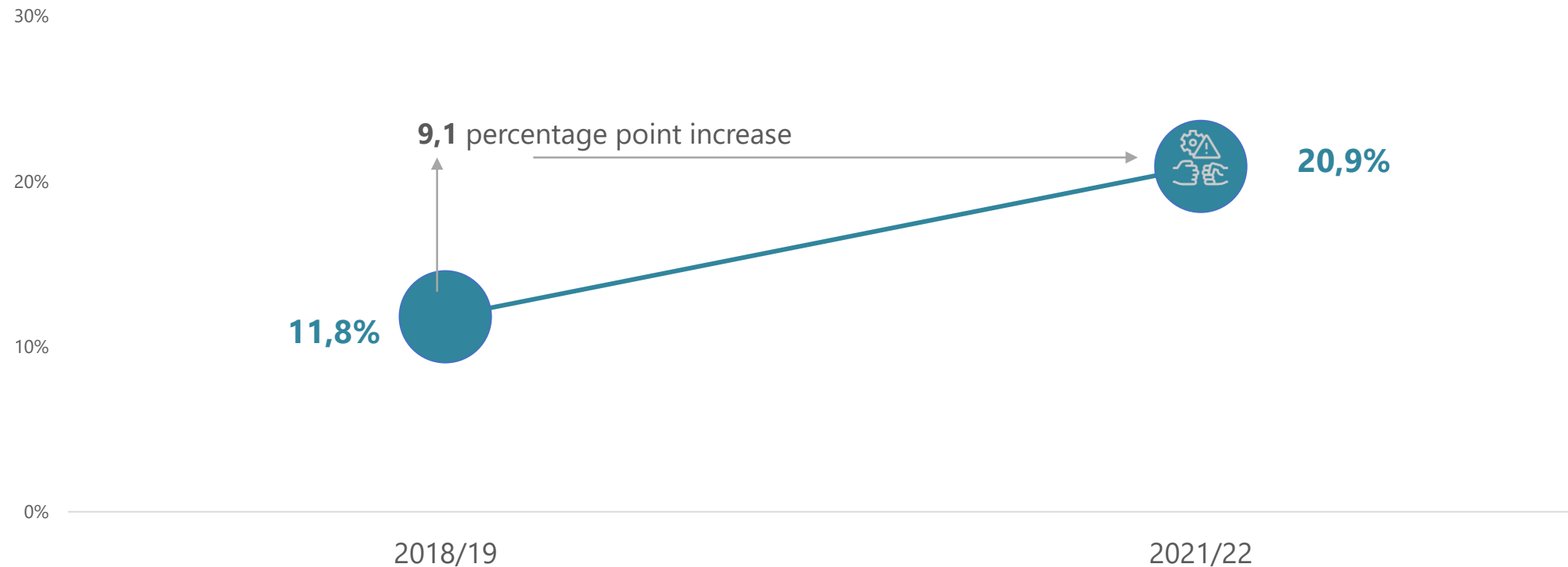




Individual experience of disputes

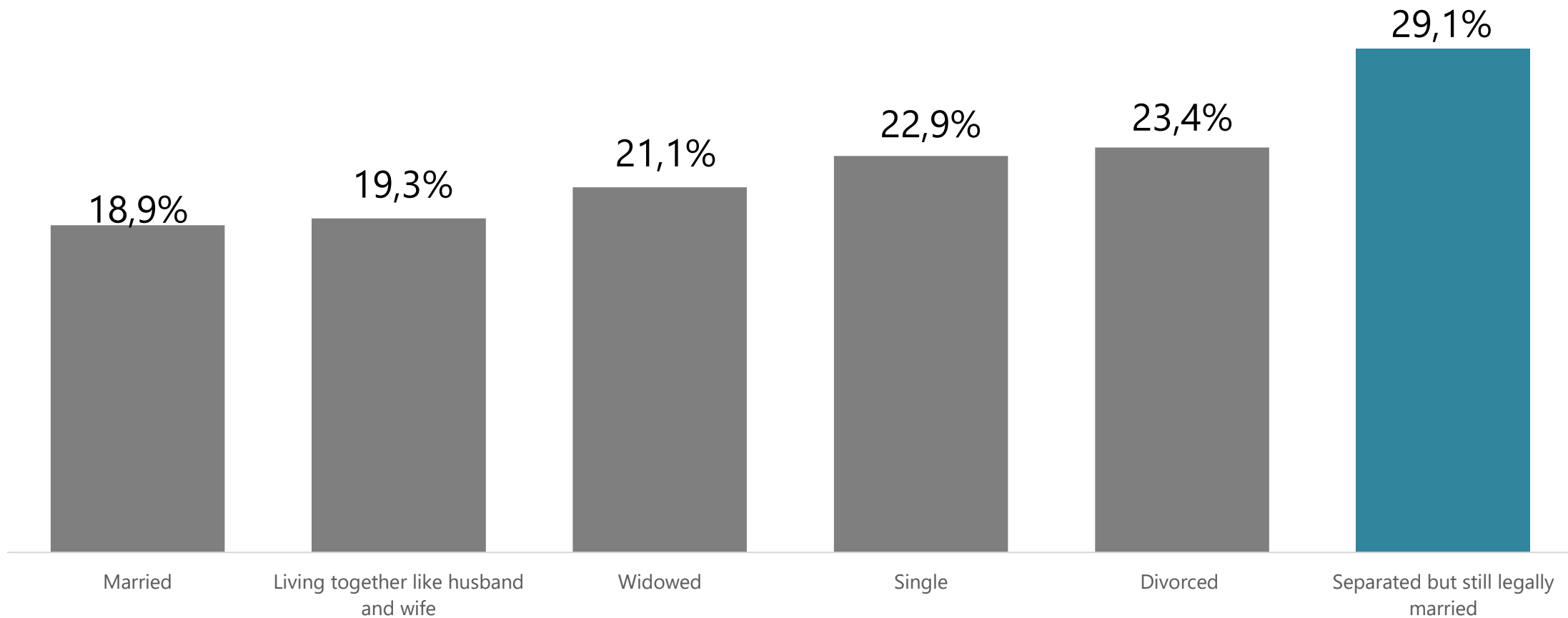
There is a 9,1 percentage point increase in the proportion of individuals that have experienced one or more disputes **in the past 2 years**

Percentage of individuals aged 16 years and above that experienced 1 or more disputes in the past 2 years, 2018/19 and 2021/22



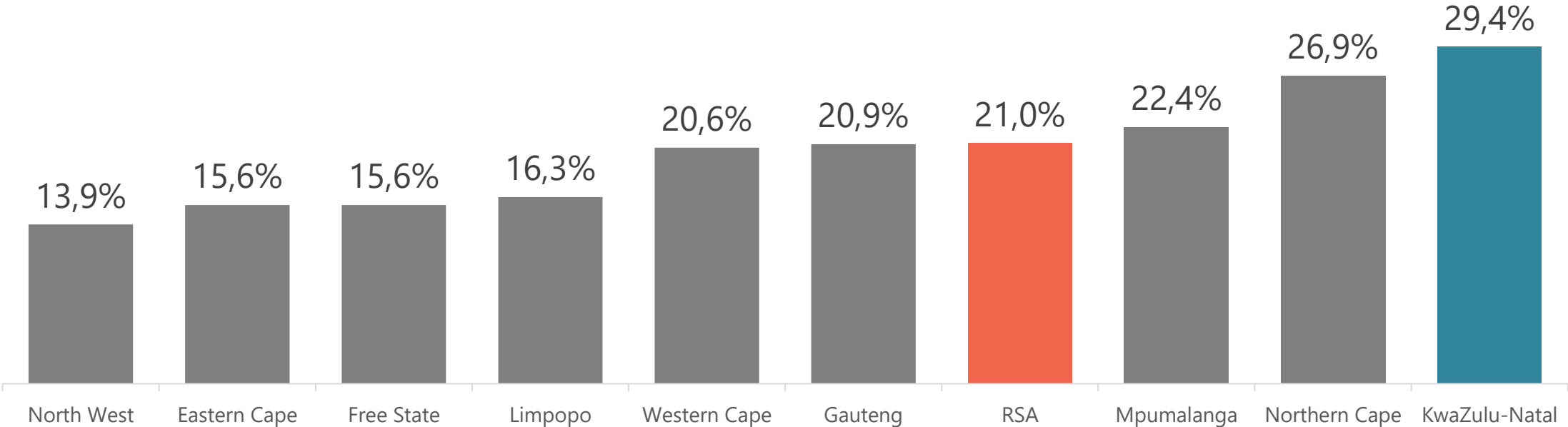
Separated but still legally married individuals have the highest proportion (**29,1%**) of those who have experienced one or more disputes in the past 2 years.

Percentage of individuals aged 16 years and older that experienced 1 or more disputes by marital status in the past 2 years, 2021/22



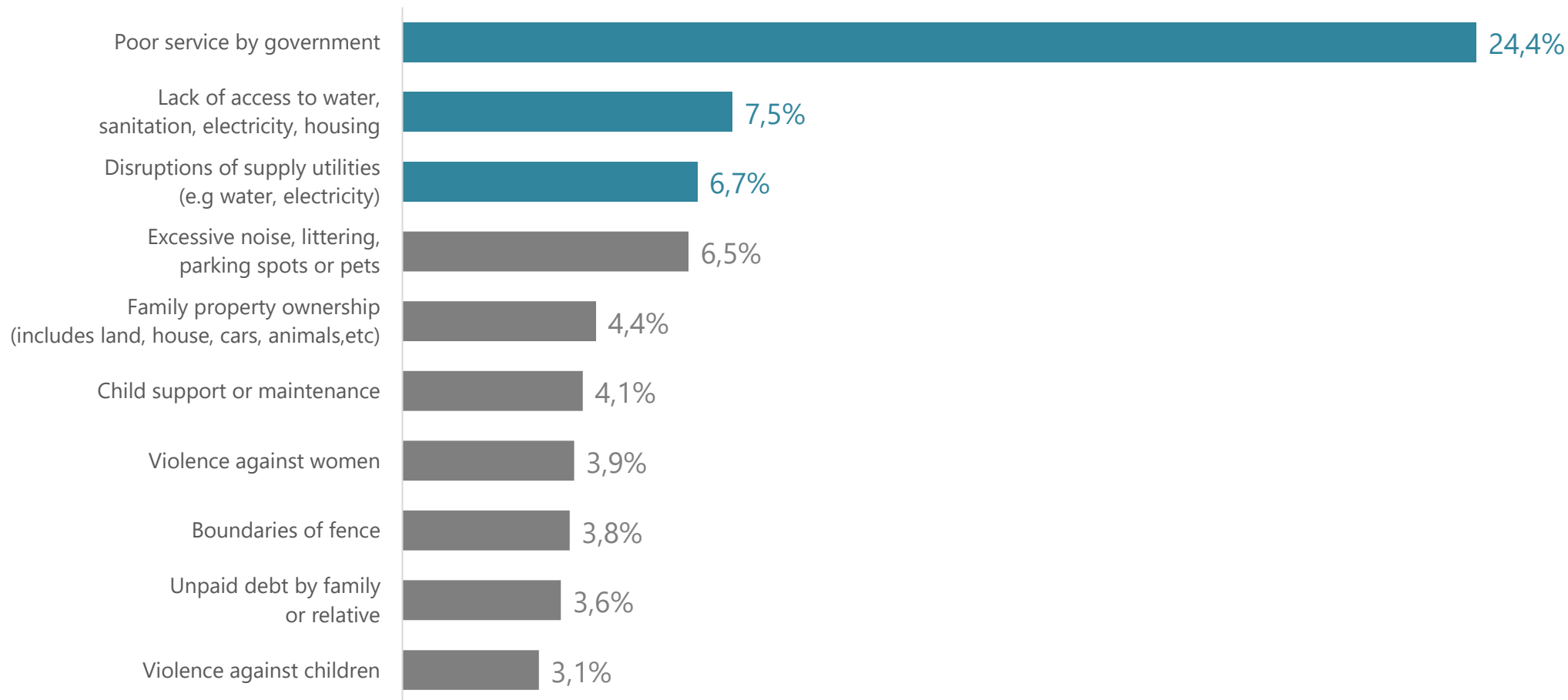
KwaZulu-Natal province has the highest proportion (29,4%) of individuals that have experienced one or more disputes in the past 2 years.

Percentage of individuals aged 16 years and older that experienced 1 or more disputes by Province in the past 2 years, 2021/22



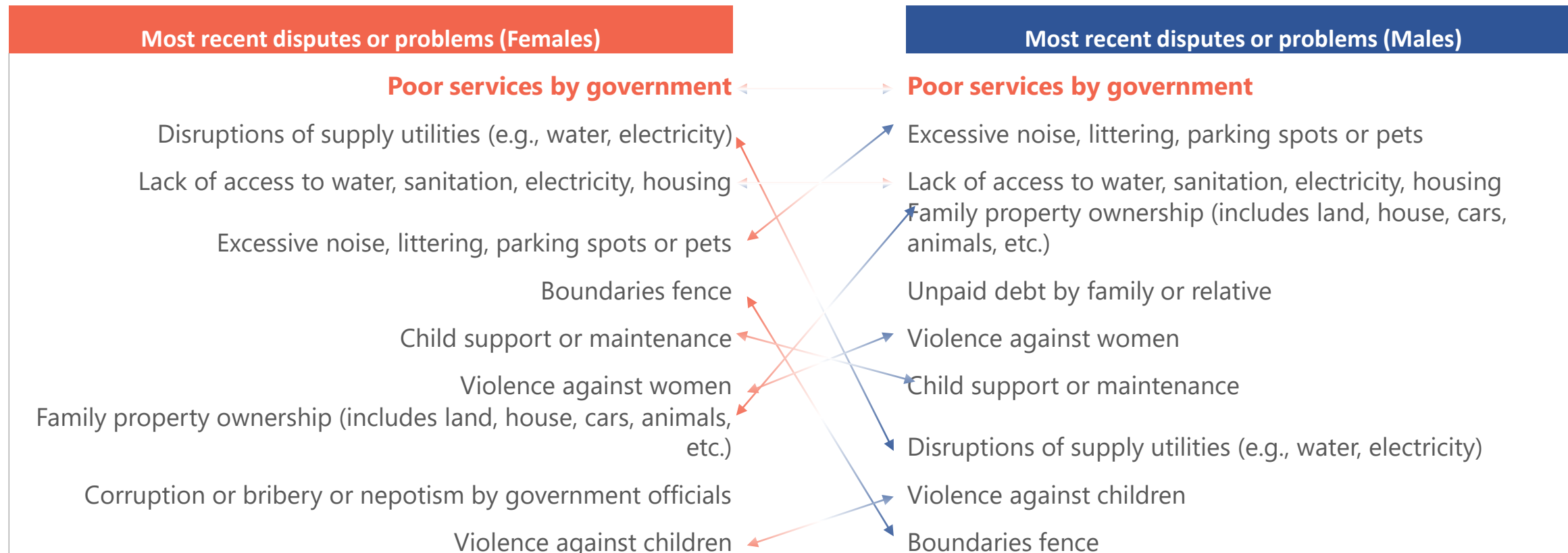
Poor service by government (24,4%) is the top most recent dispute that was experienced by individuals. *Service Delivery issues rank highly amongst the top 10 recent disputes*

Percentage of the 10 top most recent disputes experienced by individuals aged 16 years and older in the past 2 years, 2021/22



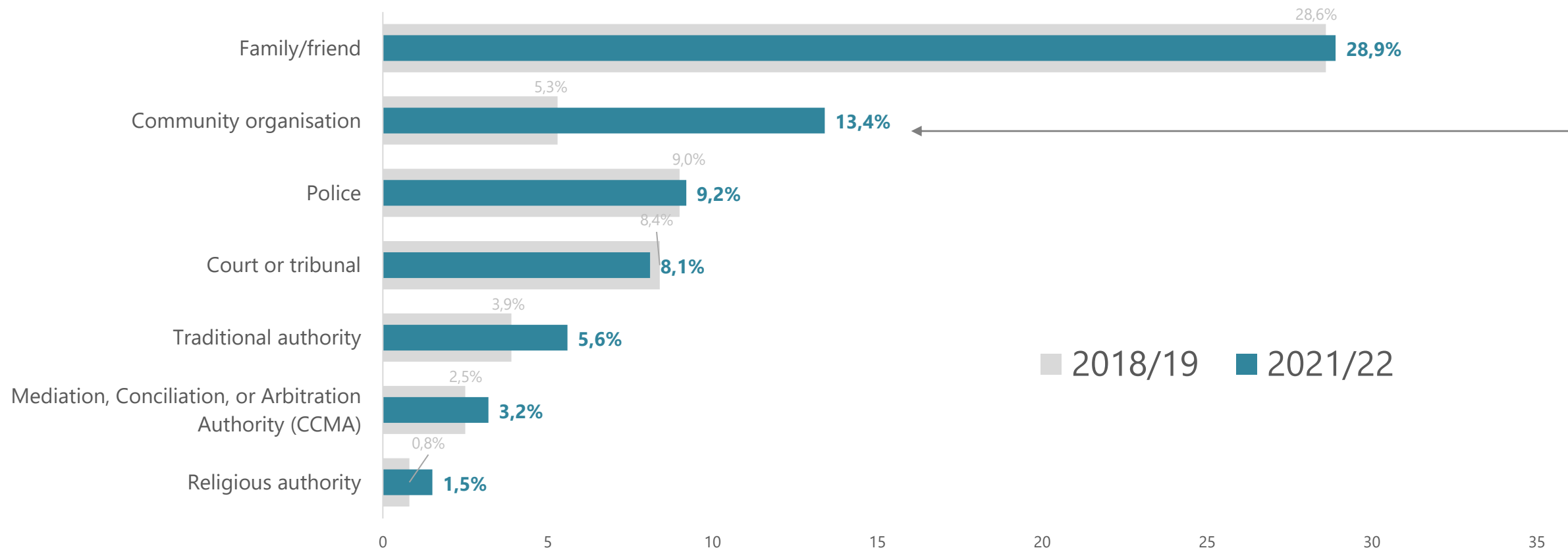
Poor service by government is the top most recent dispute that was experienced by **both males and females**

Percentage of the 10 top most recent disputes experienced by sex of individuals aged 16 years and older in the past 2 years, ranked from highest to lowest in 2021/22



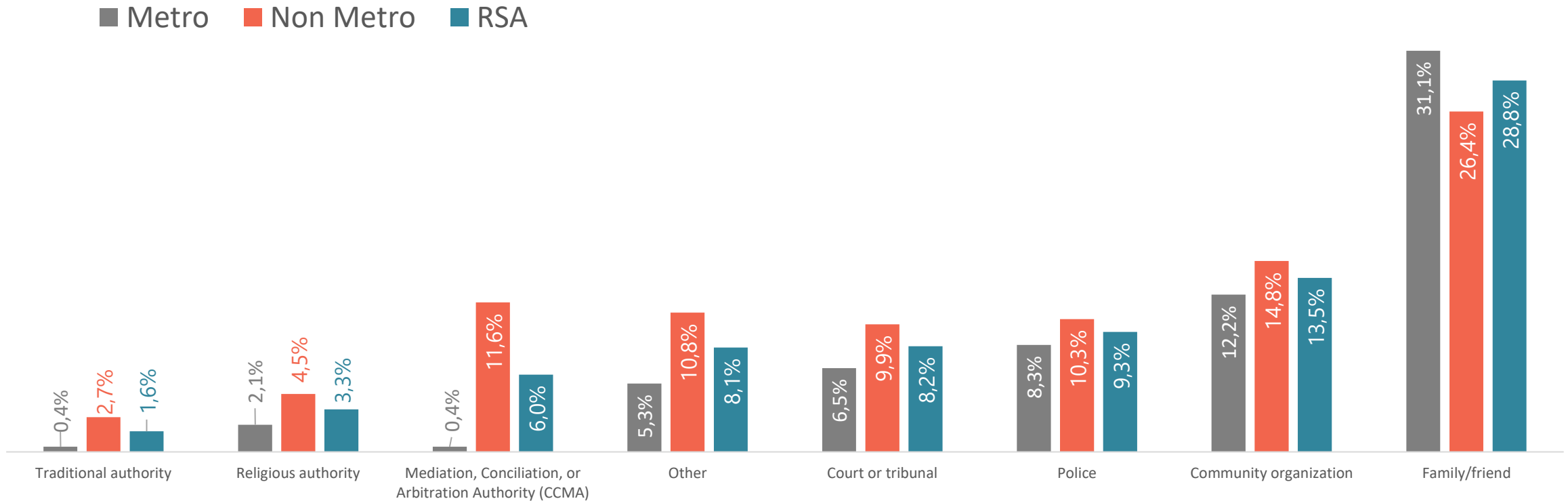
There is an **8,1 percentage point increase** in those that sought **help from community organisations**

Percentage of individuals who used specified institutions or any other third party individual to seek help to resolve their most recent dispute or problem in the past 2 years, 2018/19 and 2021/22



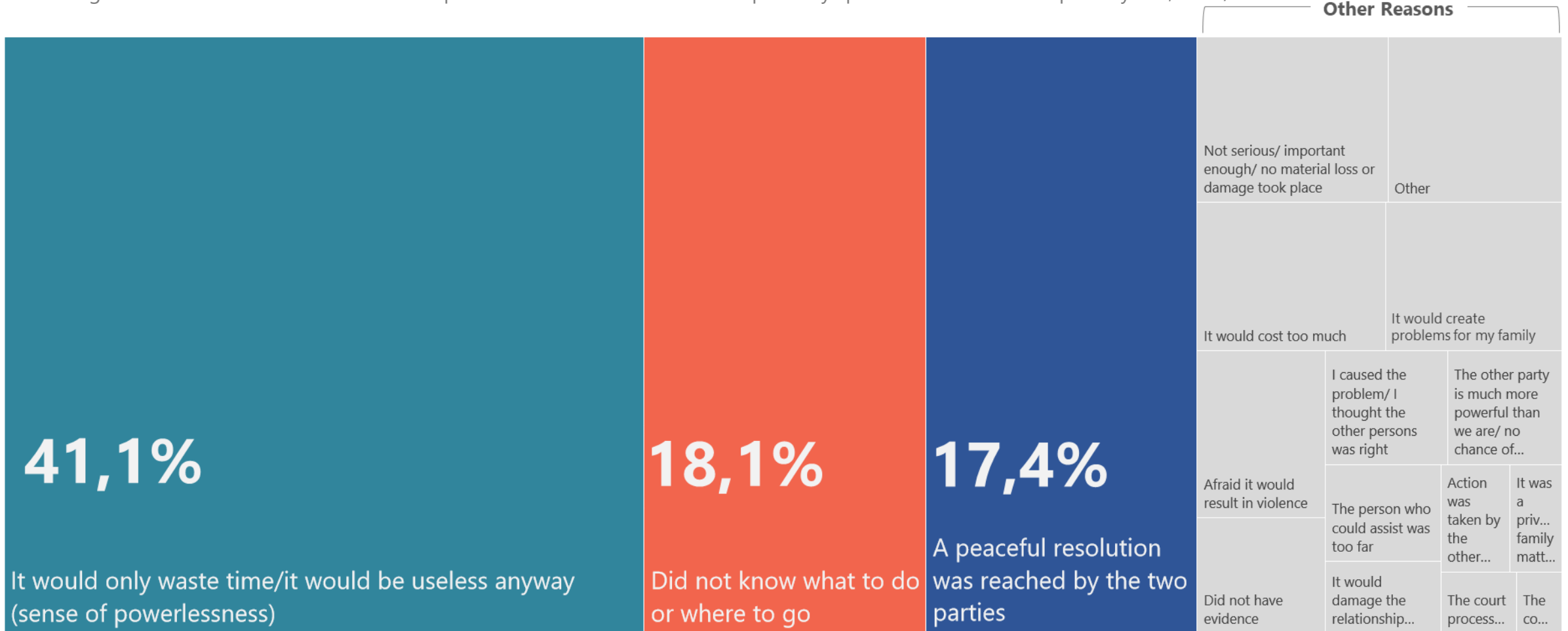
Regardless of where individuals reside they preferred to seek help from family/friends in order to resolve their most recent dispute.

Percentage of individuals who used specified institutions or any other third party individual to seek help to resolve their most recent disputes by metro status in the past 2 years, 2021/22



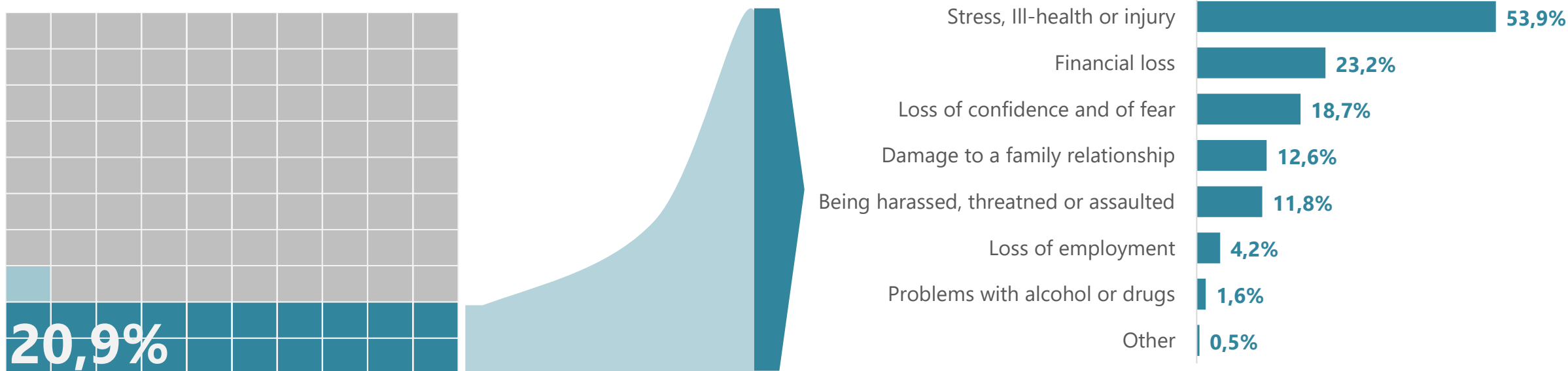
41,1% of individuals stated it would be a **waste of time/useless to seek resolution** to their disputes

Percentage of individuals who did not seek help to resolve their most recent disputes by specified reasons in the past 2 years, 2021/22



Of those who experienced a dispute **almost 54% experienced stress, ill-health or injury due to disputes**

Percentage of individuals 16+ who experienced- specified negative impact of the dispute in the past 2 years, 2021/22



individuals aged 16 years and above that experienced 1 or more disputes

RECAP: GPSJS 2021/22

Constitution

- ❖ About 82,6% of those aged 16 years and older experienced have heard about the Constitution, 70,7% thinks it protects their rights while 48% thinks it protects others' rights more than theirs.
- ❖ The highest proportions of individuals who think the Constitution protect their rights are those who resides in Non-Metros (73,6%) and in Rural (74,9%) areas

Experience of Discrimination

- ❖ The experience of Race based discrimination decreased by 2 percentage points in 2021/22 period. The highest proportion of individuals that experienced discrimination based on Race resides in Metros (7%) and in Urban (5,8%) areas
- ❖ Poverty or wealth status is the second most experienced type of discrimination after Race.

Experience of Dispute

- ❖ More individuals (20,9%) have experienced one or more disputes in the past 2 years
- ❖ The highest proportion (29,1%) of individuals that are separated but still legally married have experienced 1 or more disputes in the past 2 years
- ❖ KwaZulu-Natal province has the highest proportion (29,4%) of individuals that have experienced 1 or more disputes in the past 2 years, followed by Northern Cape (26,9%)
- ❖ Poor service by government (24,4%) is the topmost recent dispute that was experienced by individuals
- ❖ Individuals preferred to sought help from family/friends in order to resolve their most recent dispute in both 2018/19 and 2021/22.
- ❖ About 41,1% of individuals felt that they could not seek help in resolving their most recent dispute because they felt it would be a waste of time or it would be useless. About 18,1% felt that they did not know what to do or where to go to seek help.
- ❖ Almost 54% of the individuals aged 16 years and above experienced stress, ill-health or injury due to disputes, this pattern is observed in both 2018/19 and 2021/22. In 2021/22, an estimated 23% experienced financial loss due to disputes

NOW IN THE FIELD

THANK YOU FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION IN

CENSUS 2022



- Geospatial Information Frame
- Quarterly Labour Force Survey (Collected quarterly 2022)
- General Household Survey (January – December 2022)
- Domestic Tourism Survey (January – December 2022)
- Governance, Public Safety and Justice Survey (April 2022 - March 2023)
- Consumer Price Index (January – December 2022)

Upcoming Survey
Income and Expenditure Survey for 12 months (November 2022 –November 2023)



GPSJS

2021/2022

Ndzi hela kwala!



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